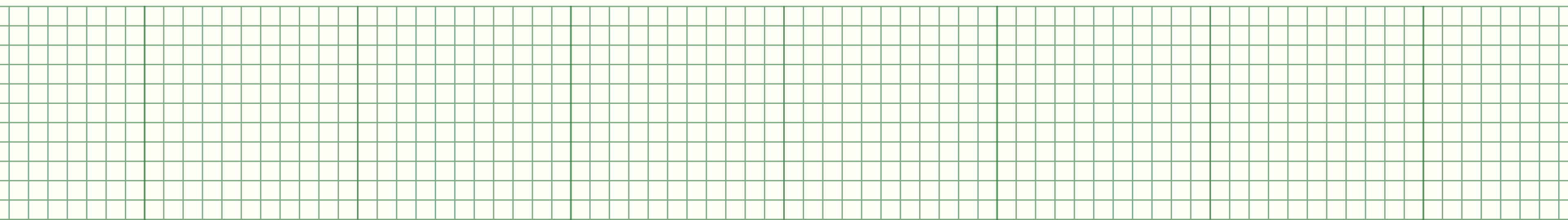


# QR CODE

BY CORDELIA SHAN





# WHAT IS QR CODE?

A QR Code (Quick Response Code) is a two-dimensional barcode that stores information in a grid of black and white squares.



# HOW DOES IT WORK?

*IT WORKS LIKE AN INFORMATION SYSTEM*

**Gather:** the QR code encodes data (e.g., URL, text, or payment information).

**Store:** the data is stored in the pattern of squares.

**Process:** A scanner reads the pattern.

**Use:** the scanner decodes the data and performs an action.

**Distribute:** the result is displayed or used by the user.



# THE STORY OF ITS INVENTION

The QR code was invented in **1994** by a Japanese engineer, **Masahiro Hara** (原 昌宏) and his team at Denso Corporation (株式会社デンソー), a Japanese global automotive components manufacturer company, which was founded as Nippon Denso Co. Ltd. (日本電装株式会社).





# THE STORY OF ITS INVENTION



LET'S TAKE ANOTHER LOOK AT  
THE QR CODE. WHAT DOES IT  
REMINDE YOU OF?





# THE STORY OF ITS INVENTION



The inspiration came from the ancient Chinese board game Weiqi (also known as Go) during a lunchbreak one day almost a quarter of a century ago.

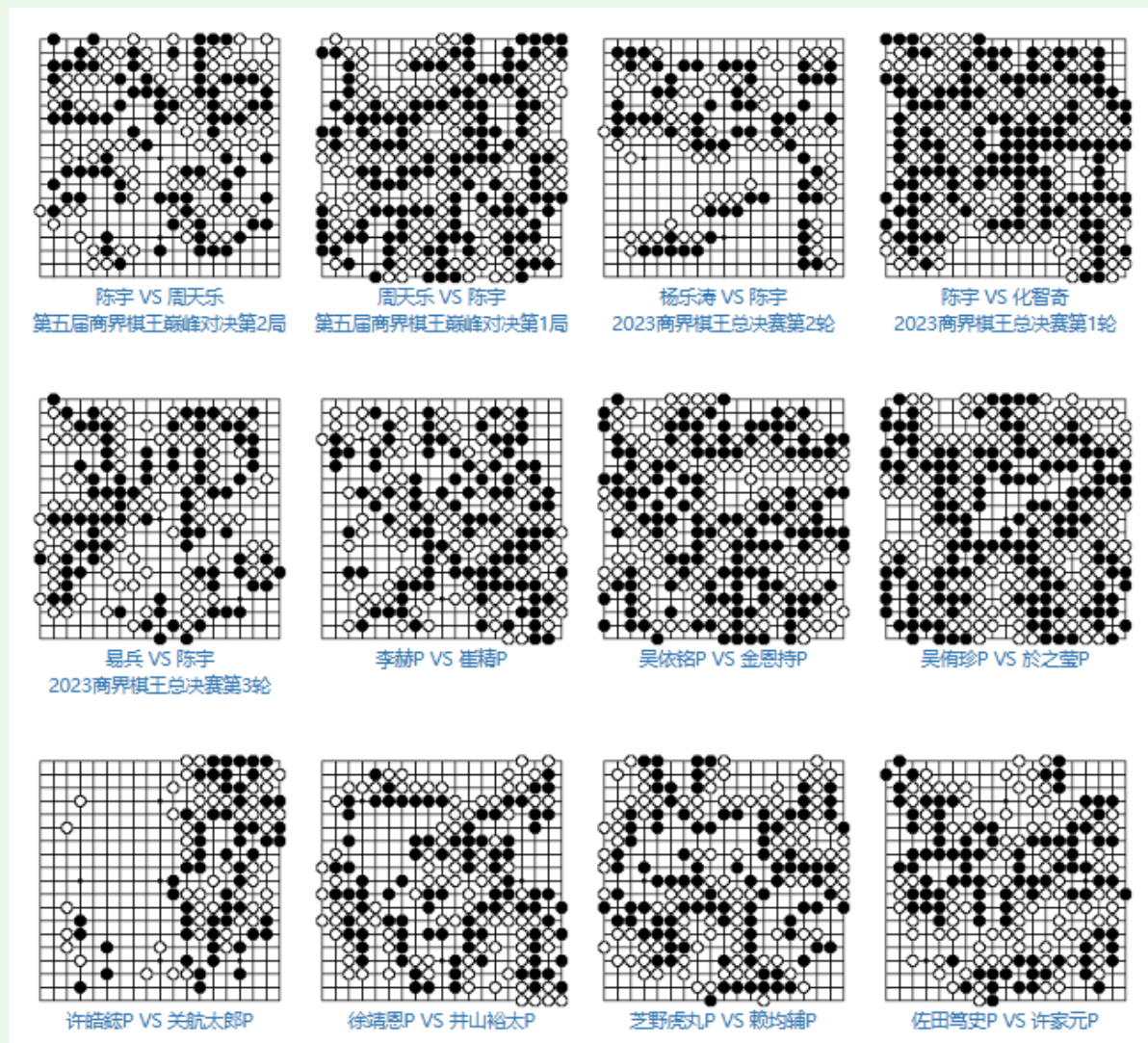
# ✱ Wei Qi 围棋 碁 いご GO 바둑 ✱

Weiqi (围棋) is a strategic board game where players place black and white stones on a grid to capture territory. It's deeply rooted in Chinese culture and philosophy (Tao), ancient astronomy, emphasizing balance (yin-yang), strategy, calculation, and foresight.

The game was invented in China more than 2,500 years ago and is believed to be the oldest board game continuously played to the present day.



# \* Wei Qi 围棋 碁 いご GO 바둑 \*



## Qipu

In Weiqi, players record their moves in a Qipu (the game record). This systematic recoding of moves mirrors how QR codes store and retrieve the story and the data. Hara-san saw this as a form of “coding” and applied it to create the QR Code.

# HOW THE WEST POPULARIZED QR CODES

QR codes were initially used in Japan for industrial purposes, but their global breakthrough came much later. The turning point was in **2017**, when:

- **Apple integrated QR code scanning into the iPhone camera with iOS 11.**
- **Google did the same with Android 8.0.**



# HOW THE WEST POPULARIZED QR CODES

*But, why?*

*This made QR codes accessible to millions of smartphone users overnight.*

*But why did they suddenly become so popular? Why even Apple adopted it?*

***Money***

*WeChat & WeChat Pay*



微信支付  
WeChat Pay

## ***WeChat & WeChat Pay***

The real driver behind QR code adoption was China, specifically the app WeChat Pay. Since 2016, WeChat is using QR code almost for everything.

Here's why:

- **Massive User Base:** WeChat has over **1.2 billion users**, many of whom use QR codes for payments.
- **Economic Impact:** In 2020, WeChat Pay processed over **1.6 trillion USD** in transactions.
- **Cultural Shift:** QR codes became a way of life in China, used for everything from payments to bike rentals - one app for all.



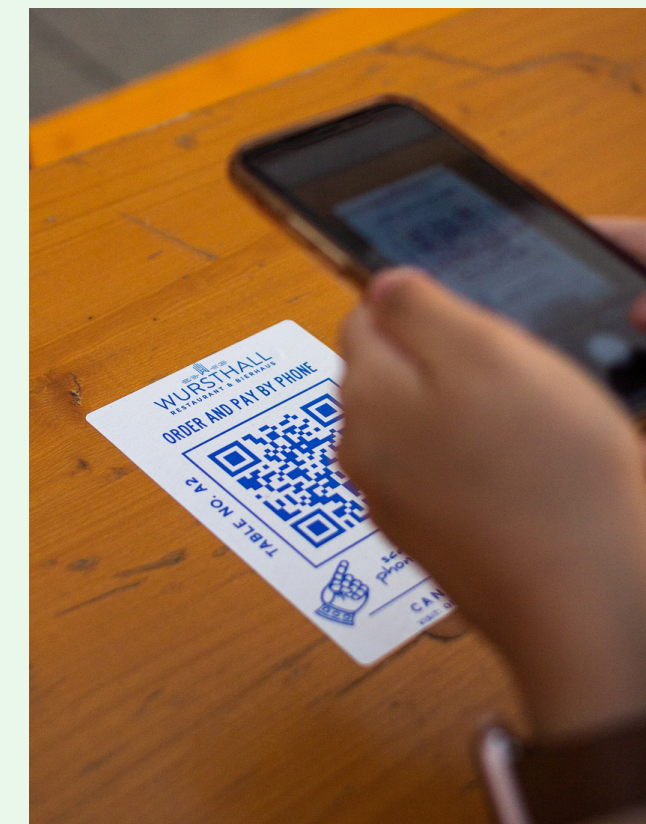
***The West saw this success and realized the potential of QR codes, leading to their widespread adoption.***

***Then, 2020....***

# COVID-19: The West Adopts QR Codes

During the pandemic, QR codes became essential for contactless interactions:

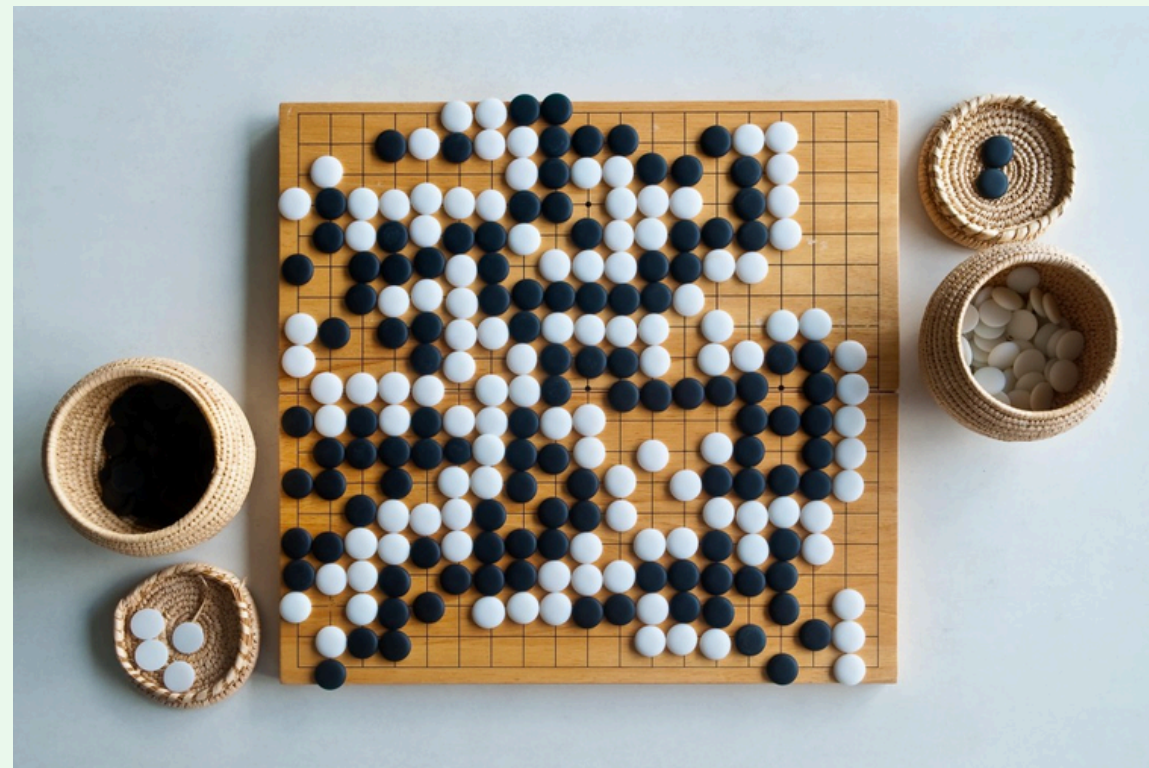
- **Menus:** Restaurants used QR codes to replace physical menus.
- **Vaccine Passports:** Governments adopted QR codes for vaccine verification.
- **Check-Ins:** Businesses used QR codes for contact tracing.





# *Conclusion*

QR codes are a perfect example of how technology, culture, and history intersect. From their inspiration in Weiqi to their global adoption during COVID-19, they've transformed the way we interact with the world. Yet, their story also raises questions about innovation, credit, and cultural exchange



## Take Home Activities

- 1. Get a WeChat app and play with it to see how its use of QR codes influence the way of living.*

